FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

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4 Associate Drive Oneonta, New York 13820 Phone: (607) 432-8700 Fax: (607) 432-5122

www.mmscpas.com



Deborah L. Mostert, CPA Anthony T. Manzanero, CPA Mary E. Manzanero, CPA David E. Brownell, CPA Jason L. Waite, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency 349 Mineral Springs Road Cobleskill, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency (the "IDA") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the IDA's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the IDA as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the IDA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the IDA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the IDA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements; and
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the IDA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on Pages 4 – 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the IDA's financial statements. The accompanying combining statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of outstanding straight lease agreements and the schedule of full time equivalent (FTE) jobs created and retained in the financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements, but it is supplemental information required by the Office of the New York State Comptroller. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and the other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2022; on our consideration of the IDA's internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the IDA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the IDA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by New York State Public Authorities Law

In accordance with New York State Public Authorities Law, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2022, on our consideration of the IDA's compliance with Section 2925 of New York State Public Authorities Law. The purpose of that report is to determine whether the IDA obtained and managed its investments in compliance with its own policies and relevant sections of the New York State Public Authorities Law.

Mostert, Manzanero & Scott, LSP

Oneonta, New York September 19, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

As financial management of the Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency (the "IDA"), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the IDA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. The IDA encourages its readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial Highlights

- The IDA's net position decreased by \$23,411 from prior year;
- The IDA's operating revenue increased \$27,853 from prior year attributable to income in administration fees:
- The IDA's operating expenses increased \$35,967 from prior year mainly for administration expenses and professional fees; and
- The IDA's investment income decreased \$2,511 from prior year, as interest rates were lower.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis accompanies the IDA's financial statements, including notes to the financial statements and the reports on compliance and internal control to help the reader better understand the financials.

Financial Statements

The IDA's financial statements provide readers with a comprehensive reporting of the IDA's fiscal year 2021 – 2022 transactions and balances. The difference between the assets and liabilities are reported as the net position. Increases or decreases in the net position are an indicator of strengthened or weakened financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Operating revenues for the IDA were \$79,371 for fiscal year 2022. This was an increase of 54% over the prior year. Income, net of expenses, produced a decrease in net position of \$20,965. At the close of fiscal year 2022, the IDA had a net position of \$1,418,304. This is a decrease of 1.6% over the prior year, which is attributable to an overall increase in operating revenues and an increase in operating expenses offset by a decrease in non-operating income.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

The IDA's primary objective is to provide assistance to existing businesses, business expansions and business startups with professional assistance, educational programs and loans. The loan funds are comprised of grants dedicated to this purpose. The loans in the IDA's statements of net position are the major assets. For the IDA's loans, the financial statement shows a decrease from \$169,122 at year-end 2021, to \$103,254 a net decrease of \$65,868.

Following is a 2022-2020 comparative summary of the IDA's financial statements, showing the decrease in net position:

NET POSITION	2022	Restated 2021	2020
Current assets Non-current assets Total assets	\$ 250,772 1,198,439 1,449,211	\$ 306,733 1,369,071 1,675,804	\$ 211,281 1,412,871 1,624,152
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total liabilities	30,907	140,116 93,973 234,089	48,076 121,813 169,889
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,418,304</u>	<u>\$ 1,441,715</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,263</u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	2022	Restated 2021	2020
Operating revenues Operating expenses Operating loss Non-operating revenue (expense) Changes in net position	\$ 79,371 100,336 (20,965) (2,446) (23,411)	\$ 51,518 64,369 (12,851) 303 (12,548)	\$ 28,293 58,972 (30,679) 15,562 (15,117)
Net position, beginning of year	1,441,715	1,454,263	1,469,380
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 1,418,304</u>	<u>\$ 1,441,715</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,263</u>

2022 GOALS

The following goals remain in affect:

- 1. Continued administration of the MICRO Enterprise Loan/Grant Program.
- 2. Continued administration of current lease agreements and payments in-lieu of taxes agreements.
- 3. Assist private companies in their expansion with possible benefits and continue to assist the Planning and Economic Development Agency with efforts to attract businesses to Schoharie County.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Requests for Information

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency, 349 Mineral Springs Road, Cobleskill, New York 12043.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022 and 2021

		Restated
<u>ASSETS</u>	2022	2021
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 181,321	\$ 109,839
Accounts receivable	50,318	171,004
Interest receivable	343	364
Prepaid expenses	2,168	1,691
Notes and capital lease receivables - Current portion	16,622	23,835
Total current assets	250,772	306,733
Capital assets:		
Land	82,257	82,257
Buildings and improvements	177,482	177,482
Office equipment	724	724
Total capital assets	260,463	260,463
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(139,713)	(132,356)
Total capital assets, net	120,750	128,107
•		
Other assets: Investments	690,699	705 210
Real estate held for resale	300,358	795,319 300,358
	•	145,287
Notes and capital lease receivables - Long term Total other assets	86,632	
Total other assets	1,077,689	1,240,964
Total assets	1,449,211	1,675,804
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	138	112,716
Security/escrow deposit	8,000	8,000
Due to other governments	22,769	16,900
Unearned revenue		2,500
Total current liabilities	30,907	140,116
Long term liabilities:		
Due to other governments	_	93,973
Total long term liabilities		93,973
Total liabilities	30,907	234,089
Total habilities	30,707	23 1,003
Net position:		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	120,750	128,107
Unrestricted	1,297,554	1,313,608
Total net position	\$ 1,418,304	\$ 1,441,715

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	R	estated 2021
Operating revenues:				
Interest on notes	\$	5,196	\$	5,979
Lease income		21,900		21,900
Other income		25		-
Administrative fees		52,250		23,639
Total operating revenues		79,371		51,518
Operating expenses:				
Administrative expense		39,900		30,116
Travel		316		99
Insurance		3,856		3,498
Legal and accounting		28,508		7,358
PPE grants		5,951		3,398
Maintenance and supplies		11,998		10,019
Miscellaneous		979		610
Depreciation		7,357		7,361
Office expense		1,448		1,887
Property taxes		23		23
Total operating expenses		100,336		64,369
Net operating loss		(20,965)		(12,851)
Non-operating revenue (expense):				
Grant revenue		137,250		184,711
Grant expense		(137,250)		(184,711)
Return of CDBG grants		(2,920)		(2,682)
Interest and earnings		474		2,985
Total non-operating revenue (expense)		(2,446)		303
Change in net position		(23,411)		(12,548)
Net position, beginning of year	1	,441,715	1	,454,263
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1	,418,304	\$ 1	,441,715

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

				1
		2022	ŀ	Restated 2021
Cash flows from operating activities:		2022		2021
Interest on notes	\$	5,196	\$	5,979
Payments received on notes receivable	4	65,868	Ψ	53,778
Other income		25		-
Lease income		21,900		21,412
Administrative fees		49,463		2,771
PPE grants		(5,951)		(3,398)
Administrative expense		(40,437)		(30,903)
Travel		(316)		(99)
Insurance		(4,333)		(4,942)
Legal and accounting		(28,508)		(7,358)
Maintenance and supplies		(11,998)		(10,019)
Miscellaneous		(979)		(610)
Office expense		(1,448)		(1,887)
Property taxes		(23)		(23)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		48,459		24,701
NET CASITI KOVIDED DI OLEKATINO ACTIVILES		70,737		24,701
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Payments on notes		(85,184)		(24,940)
NET CASH USED IN NONCAPITAL FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES		(85,184)		(24,940)
Cook flows from conital and related financing activities.				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				2.500
Escrow account			-	2,500
NET CASH PROVIDED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED				2.500
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				2,500
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest and earnings		495		2,252
Realized losses		-		5
Unrealized losses		1,485		2,999
Investment proceeds		-		150,000
Investment purchases		-		(150,000)
Net activity certificates of deposit		106,227		(8,680)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		108,207		(3,424)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				() /
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		71,482		(1,163)
Cash - Beginning of year		109,839		111,002
Cash - End of year	\$	181,321	\$	109,839

See accompanying notes.

	2022	F	Restated 2021
Reconciliation of net operating income (loss) to net cash			
used in operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (20,965)	\$	(12,851)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	7,357		7,361
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(477)		(1,444)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(287)		(89,532)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	(2,500)		2,500
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and commitments	(537)		64,889
Decrease in notes receivable	 65,868		53,778
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 48,459	\$	24,701

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION

The Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency (the "IDA") was duly established under Title I of Article 18-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York, as amended, and Chapter 114 of the Laws of 1973 of the State and is a public benefit corporation of the State.

The IDA was formed for the purpose of encouraging economic growth in the County of Schoharie. The IDA is exempt from federal, state and local income taxes. The IDA, although established by the Schoharie County Board of Supervisors, is a separate entity and operates independently of the County of Schoharie.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the IDA have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Significant accounting policies are as follows:

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The IDA's financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual method of accounting. Measurement focus refers to what is measured and reported in the financial statements, while the basis of accounting determines when a transaction or economic event is recognized.

The IDA is similar to a business enterprise, and utilizes a measurement focus based on the flow of economic resources. This includes the capitalization of fixed assets, charging depreciation expense and recording long-term debt as a liability.

Grant Accounting

Pass-through grants are recorded as receivables, revenues, liabilities and expenses when awarded. All other grants are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues upon award of the contracts; revenues are recognized as the IDA meets performance requirements of the contracts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, management considers all investment instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is carried at its full value. Uncollectible accounts are charged to expenditures when an account is deemed uncollectible by management. All accounts receivable were considered collectible.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

Notes Receivable

Notes receivable are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Receivables for loans and mortgages are reviewed periodically by management to update the allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Notes receivable are recorded net of the allowance for uncollectible notes. Uncollectible notes are charged to expenditures using the reserve method. There was no allowance for uncollectible accounts for the years ended June 30, 2022 or 2021.

Investments Policy

The IDA's investments policy is governed by State statutes. In addition, the IDA has its own written investment policy. IDA monies must be deposited in a Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The IDA is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives range from five to forty years, depending on the assets. The cost of repairs, maintenance and minor replacement is expensed as incurred, whereas expenditures that materially extend property lives are capitalized. When depreciable property is retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in income. Capital assets with an acquisition cost of \$1,000 or more are capitalized. Depreciation expense amounted to \$7,357 and \$7,361 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Revolving Loans

The IDA offers low-interest loans to area businesses. The loans are approved by the governing board after giving consideration to the enhancement of the economic environment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd.)

Revenue and Expense Classification

The IDA distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items in its financial statements. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the IDA's principal on-going operations. The IDA's operating expenses include project and program costs and related administration expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Income Tax Status

The IDA is a quasi-governmental organization. The IDA is not subject to federal or state income taxes, nor is it required to file federal or state income tax returns, therefore, no provision for income taxes is reflected in these financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Position

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. <u>Investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
- b. <u>Unrestricted</u> all other assets that do not meet the definition of "investment in capital assets" or "restricted."
- c. <u>Restricted</u> consists of net assets with constraints on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Eliminations

Fees charged to various programs for administration are included in these programs as expenses and revenues in different funds. These amounts are eliminated when the funds are combined to prevent duplication.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Cont'd.)

Accounting Pronouncements

On May 8, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The effective dates of GASB Statements not yet implemented by the IDA have been updated below to reflect the impact of this Statement. The IDA implemented the following GASB Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*.
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020.

The IDA has evaluated the following new GASB Statements and has determined that there is no significant impact for the year ended June 30, 2022.

- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.
- Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.

The following are GASB Statements that have been issued recently and are currently being evaluated, by the IDA, for their potential impact in future years.

- Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Events Occurring After Reporting Date

The IDA has evaluated subsequent events through September 19, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

As of June 30, the IDA had the following investments:

						Investment Maturities (in Years)				ears)
						Less			G	reater
June 30, 2022		Cost	Fa	air Value	th	an 1 Year	1-3	Years	<u>than</u>	3 Years
Money market funds	\$	313,704	\$	312,219	\$	312,219	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of deposits		378,480		378,480		378,480				
Total	<u>\$</u>	692,184	<u>\$</u>	690,699	<u>\$</u>	690,699	\$		<u>\$</u>	
June 30, 2021										
Money market funds	\$	313,324	\$	313,324	\$	313,324	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of deposits		481,995	_	481,995	_	481,995				
Total	\$	795,319	\$	795,319	\$	795,319	\$		\$	

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to change in the market interest rates. The IDA's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. Government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

Custodial Credit Risk

This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment that is in the possession of another party. In order to mitigate this risk, the IDA's investment policy requires investments to be purchased only through an approved broker/dealer or institution.

Concentrations

The IDA's policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASE RECEIVABLES

The following summarizes the IDA's notes and capital lease receivables at June 30:

Micro Enterprise Fund	2022	2021
\$50,000 note receivable with monthly payments of \$489 including interest at 3.25%. An additional \$13,336 was advanced on this note in August 2016 to bring the principal balance to \$50,000. Terms of the note remain the same with 120 monthly payments through August 2026; collateralized		
by a mortgage and two personal guarantees.	\$ 27,534	\$ 31,522
Subtotal – Micro Enterprise Fund	27,534	31,522
Revolving Loan Fund		
\$65,000 note receivable dated October 2017 with monthly payments of \$577, including interest at 4.25% for 144 months; collateralized by land and building. This note was fully collected in 2022.		51,315
Operating Fund		
\$25,000 note receivable dated March 2018 of \$247 including interest at 3.5% for 120 monthly; collateralized by 2 nd position on real estate and personal guarantee.	15,833	18,201
\$80,000 note receivable with monthly payments of \$562 including interest at 3.25% from June 24, 2009 through June 24, 2024; collateralized by a mortgage. This note was renegotiated for \$82,274 in July 2014; monthly payments are \$613 including interest at 3.25% from August 2014 through July 2029.	46,505	52,251
\$25,000 note receivable with monthly payments of \$247 including interest at 3.5% from June 2017 through May 2027; collateralized by a second mortgage and personal		
guarantee.	13,382	15,833
Subtotal – Operating Fund	75,720	86,285
Total all funds Current	103,254 (16,622)	169,122 (23,835)
Total long-term notes and capital leases receivable	\$ 86,632	<u>\$ 145,287</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 NOTES AND CAPITAL LEASE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd.)

The aggregate maturities of long-term receivables mature as follows:

2022	h 16600
2023	\$ 16,622
2024	16,559
2025	17,118
2026	17,697
2027	18,502
Thereafter	<u>16,756</u>
Total	<u>\$ 103,254</u>

Management believes the remaining notes receivable are collectible and have not established any allowance.

NOTE 5 REAL ESTATE HELD FOR RESALE

The IDA currently holds the following properties for sale:

- a. Land Grove Street, Cobleskill, New York; currently recorded at \$170,358.
- b. <u>Commercial building</u> 582 State Highway Route 20, Sharon Springs, New York; currently recorded at \$130,000. The IDA is currently leasing this property under a lease for \$850 per month. (See Note 10).

NOTE 6 LIABILITIES

Security Escrow Deposit

The IDA holds a security deposit with respect to the one year operating lease of the Sharon Springs, New York property (See Note 5). The security deposit held was \$500 at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

During 2020, the IDA required an escrow account to be established for one of the projects in the amount of \$5,000 to cover legal and administrative fees in case the project was not finalized so these costs did not become an obligation of the IDA. This was increased to \$7,500 during 2021.

Due to Other Governments

Due to the change in the CDBG program income guidelines in 2018, the IDA recorded a liability due to Schoharie County for CDBG funds that are required to be returned. The liability represents amounts not dedicated to other programs that must be returned to NYS Office at Community Renewal. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the revolving loan fund had \$-0- and \$33,483, respectively, payable to the Schoharie County. Also at June 30, 2022 and 2021, the micro enterprise fund had \$22,769 and \$77,390 respectively, payable to the Schoharie County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 LIABILITIES (Cont'd.)

Unearned Revenue

The IDA had unearned revenue for pilot program fees of \$-0- and \$2,500 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The IDA and the Schoharie County Rural Preservation Corporation (SCRPC) and the Schoharie County Capital Resource Corporation (SCCRC) are related through common board members. The IDA provides office space rent-free to the SCRPC.

NOTE 8 INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVENUE BOND AND NOTE TRANSACTIONS

Certain industrial development revenue bonds and notes issued by the IDA are secured by property, which is leased to companies and is retired by lease payments. The bonds and notes are not obligations of the IDA or the State. The IDA does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from completed bond and note issues in the accounts, since its primary function is to arrange the financing between the borrowing companies and the bond and note holders and funds arising therefrom are controlled by trustees or banks acting as fiscal agents. For providing this service, the IDA receives bond administration fees from the borrowing companies. Such administrative fee income is recognized immediately upon issuance of bonds and notes.

NOTE 9 CREDIT RISK

Cash

State statutes require that collateral be pledged for demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit at 100% of deposits not covered by the FDIC. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies, obligations of the state and its municipalities, school district debt, irrevocable letters of credit and surety bonds issued by the state authorized insurance companies. The IDA had no uncollateralized funds as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Accounts Receivable

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, all accounts receivable were considered collectible.

Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consist of numerous notes with businesses in Schoharie County. The IDA has collateralized its interest in these notes by retaining the reversionary rights to the property or by additional liens and mortgages on the property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 LEASES

The IDA currently has a lease agreement from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 for the property located in Sharon Springs, New York. The lease payment is \$850 monthly. The IDA received rental income under this lease in the amount of \$10,200, for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

The IDA is a lessor in a lease agreement for office space for the period of January – December. Under the lease agreement, the monthly lease payments were \$975 for the calendar years 2022 and 2021. The IDA received rental income of \$11,700 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Both of these leases meet the definition of a short-term lease because the lease term is 12 months or less. Consequently, consistent with leaser's accounting policy election, the leaser does not recognize the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 11 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of June 30, interfund receivables and payables were as follows:

		20	22	2021				
	Receivable		_P	ayable	Re	<u>ceivable</u>	_P	ayable
Revolving loan fund	\$	50,142	\$	-	\$		\$	_
Micro grant fund		-		-		-		3,510
Operating fund		87,388		-		96,379		-
Micro Enterprise fund		-		137,530		-		87,388
Small business fund								5,481
Total	<u>\$</u>	137,530	\$	137,530	\$	96,379	\$	96,379

NOTE 12 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The IDA's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not perceive investment risk. Debt, equities, and investment derivatives classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Cont'd.)

Mortgage and asset backed securities classified in Level 3, due to lack of an independent pricing source, are valued using an internal fair value as provided by the investment manager.

June 30, 2022	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Money market funds Certificates of deposit	\$ 312,219 378,480	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 312,219 378,480
Total	\$ 690,699	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ -	\$ 690,699
June 30, 2021				
Money market funds Certificates of deposit	\$ 313,324 481,995	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 313,324 481,995
Total	<u>\$ 795,319</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 795,319

NOTE 13 COVID – 19 GLOBAL PANDEMIC

The IDA has been impacted by the effects of the worldwide coronavirus pandemic. The IDA is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, capital resources, and is actively working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation.

NOTE 14 RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR AMOUNTS

The grant revenue and grant expense for the Small Business CDBG (Community Development Block Grant) program for the year ending June 30, 2021 have been restated to include \$21,346 of revenues and expenses for the prior year. The accounts receivable and accounts payable for this program were also restated to include \$21,346 of additional accounts receivable and payable related to this program.

* * * * * * * * * * * * *

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022 With Comparative Totals for 2021

ASSETS	Operating Fund	Micro Enterprise Fund	Revolving Loan Fund
Current assets:	Tuna	Tuna	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 144,273	\$ 2,765	\$ 34,283
Accounts receivable	50,318	-	-
Interest receivable	343	_	_
Prepaid expenses	2,168	_	-
Due from other funds	87,388	-	50,142
Notes and capital lease receivables - Current portion	_	5,070	11,552
Total current assets	284,490	7,835	95,977
Capital assets:		,	
Land	82,257	-	-
Buildings and improvements	177,482	_	-
Office equipment	724	-	-
Total capital assets	260,463		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(139,713)	_	-
Total net capital assets	120,750	_	_
Other assets:			
Investments	690,699		
Real estate held for resale	170,358	130,000	-
Notes and capital lease receivables - Long-term	170,336	22,464	64,168
Total other assets	861,057	152,464	64,168
Total other assets	001,037	132,404	04,100
Total assets	1,266,297	160,299	160,145
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	138	-	-
Security/escrow deposits	8,000	-	-
Due to other governments	-	22,769	-
Due to other funds	-	137,530	-
Unearned revenue			
Total current liabilities	8,138	160,299	
Long-term liabilities:			
Due to other governments			
Total long-term liabilities			
Total liabilities	8,138	160,299	
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	120,750	-	-
Unrestricted	1,137,409		160,145
Total net position	\$ 1,258,159	\$ -	\$ 160,145
See auditors' report.	_	_	_

M	licro	Sr	nall			Totals				
(Grant	Bu	sines					I	Restated	
F	Fund	F	und	Elim	inations		2022		2021	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	181,321	\$	109,839	
	-		-		-		50,318		171,004	
	-		-		-		343		364	
	-		-		-		2,168		1,691	
	-		-	(1	37,530)		-		-	
	-		-				16,622		23,835	
	-		-	(1	37,530)		250,772		306,733	
	-		-		-		82,257		82,257	
	-		-		-		177,482		177,482	
			-				724		724	
	-		-		-		260,463		260,463	
	-		-		_		(139,713)		(132,356)	
			-				120,750		128,107	
	-		-		-		690,699		795,319	
	_		_		_		300,358		300,358	
	_		_		_		86,632		145,287	
	-		-		-		1,077,689		1,240,964	
		<u> </u>		(1	37,530)		1,449,211		1,675,804	
				(1	.37,330)		1,449,211		1,073,004	
							120		110.716	
	-		-		-		138		112,716	
	-		-		-		8,000		8,000	
	-		-	(1	-		22,769		16,900	
	-		-	(1	37,530)		-		2.500	
		-			27.520)		20.007		2,500	
		-	-	(1	37,530)		30,907		140,116	
									93,973	
		-								
-					37,530)		30,907		93,973	
				(1	31,330)		30,307		434,007	
	-		-		-		120,750		128,107	
	-		-			,h.	1,297,554		1,313,608	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,418,304	\$	1,441,715	

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Totals for 2021

	0-				Re	evolving
	-	perating Fund		terprise Fund		Loan Fund
Operating revenues:		Tuna		runu		Tund
Interest on notes	\$	_	\$	1,902	\$	3,294
Lease income	•	21,900		-	·	-
Other income		25		-		_
Administrative fees		66,642		-		_
Total operating revenues		88,567		1,902		3,294
Operating expenses:						
Administrative expense		54,292		-		-
Travel		316		-		-
Insurance		3,856		-		-
Legal and accounting		28,508		-		-
PPE grants		5,951		-		-
Maintenance and supplies		11,998		-		-
Miscellaneous		979		-		-
Depreciation		7,357		-		-
Office expense		1,448		-		-
Property taxes		23		-		-
Total operating expenses		114,728		-		-
Net operating income (loss)		(26,161)		1,902		3,294
Non-operating revenue (expense):						
Grant revenue		-		-		-
Grant expense		-		-		-
Return of CDBG grants		-		(1,902)		(1,018)
Interest and earnings		474		-		-
Total non-operating revenue (expense)		474		(1,902)		(1,018)
Change in net position		(25,687)		-		2,276
Net position, beginning of year	1	,283,846				157,869
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1	,258,159	\$		\$	160,145

See auditor's report.

Micro	S	mall				Tot			
Grant	Bu	siness					Restated		
Fund	F	und	nd Eliminations			2022		2021	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,196	\$	5,979	
-		-		-		21,900		21,900	
-		-		-		25		-	
 		-		(14,392)		52,250		23,639	
 		-		(14,392)		79,371		51,518	
-		-		(14,392)		39,900		30,116	
-		-		-		316		99	
-		-		-		3,856		3,498	
-		-		-		28,508		7,358	
-		-		-		5,951		3,398	
-		-		-		11,998		10,019	
-		-		-		979		610	
-		-		-		7,357		7,361	
-		-		-		1,448		1,887	
 				-		23		23	
-		-		(14,392)		100,336		64,369	
 						(20,965)		(12,851)	
47,550		89,700		-		137,250		206,057	
(47,550)	((89,700)		-		(137,250)		(206,057)	
-				-	(2,920)	(2,920)		(2,682)	
		_		-		474		2,985	
 						(2,446)		303	
-		-		-		(23,411)		(12,548)	
 						1,441,715		1,454,263	
\$ 	\$	-	\$		\$	1,418,304	\$	1,441,715	

SCHEDULE OF OUTSTANDING STRAIGHT LEASE AGREEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

						,	Гах	
Project Owner				Sa	ales Tax l	Exemp	tions	Real
Project Owner Address	Purpose	Issue Date	Due Date	S	tate	L	ocal	County
Wal-Mart Distribution Center 1301 Southeast 10th Street	Retail Trade							
	and	2015	2025	Φ.		ф		Ф. 000.210
Bentonville, AR 72716-8013	Other	2015	2025	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 808,219
Tennessee Gas Pipeline 1001 Louisiana Street								
Houston, TX 77002	Gas Line	2016	2032		-		-	1,169,625
Schoharie Business Park, Inc. USDA Service Center 199 Morning Sun Drive Schoharie, NY 12157	Services	2010	2021		-		-	4,022
Iroquois Gas Transmission L.P. 1 Corporate Drive, Suite 600 Shelton, CT 06484	Gas Line	2016	2030		-		-	533,958
Sharon Springs, Inc. 1246 Anderson Ave. Fort Lee, NJ 07024	Tourism	2016	2030		493		493	2,740
Middleburgh Meadows, LLC 494 Western Turnpike Altmont, NY 12009	Retail Trade	2017	2031					19,789
				\$	493	\$	493	\$ 2.538.353

Exemptions

	Property	/ Taxes	Total	Payment in Lieu of Taxes					
I	Local	School	Exemptions	County	Local	School	Total		
\$	606,452	\$ 1,442,759	\$ 2,857,430	\$ 195,000	\$ 390,000	\$ 390,000	\$ 975,000		
:	540,357	2,446,379	4,156,361	761,610	532,410	1,737,789	3,031,809		
	1,711	8,639	14,372	4,022	1,711	8,639	14,372		
	263,629	1,158,288	1,955,875	462,623	257,908	1,209,086	1,929,617		
	2,056	4,891	10,673	2,750	4,250	4,500	11,500		
	18,046	43,470	81,305	7,847	7,249	7,917	23,013		
\$ 1,	432,251	\$ 5,104,426	\$ 9,076,016	\$ 1,433,852	\$ 1,193,528	\$ 3,357,931	\$ 5,985,311		

SCHEDULE OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) JOBS CREATED AND RETAINED

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	# of FTE Employees at Project Location before IDA Status	Original Estimate of Jobs to be Created	Original Estimate of Jobs to be Retained	# of Current FTE Employees	# of FTE Jobs Created During Fiscal Year	# of FTE Jobs Retained During Fiscal Year
Project Owner:					· <u></u>	
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	0	350	0	574	5	0
Tennessee Gas Pipeline	2	0	2	5	0	2
Schoharie Business Park, Inc.						
(USDA Service Center)	13	11	13	11	0	11
Iroquois Gas Transmission, LP	3	0	3	2	0	2
Sharon Springs, Inc.*	2	40	0	1	1	0
Middleburgh Meadows, LLC*	0	25	0	29	0	0
		426	18	622	6	15

^{*}These projects are under construction. The full time positions are expected to begin the next fiscal year.

4 Associate Drive Oneonta, New York 13820 Phone: (607) 432-8700 Fax: (607) 432-5122

www.mmscpas.com

MOSTERT, MANZANERO & SCOTT, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Deborah L. Mostert, CPA Anthony T. Manzanero, CPA Mary E. Manzanero, CPA David E. Brownell, CPA Jason L. Waite, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency Cobleskill, New York

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency (the "IDA") which comprise of the statements of net position as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the IDA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the IDA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the IDA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the IDA's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audits we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the IDA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the IDA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the IDA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency audit committee, management, the State of New York and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mostert, Manzarero & Scott, LSP

Oneonta, New York September 19, 2022 4 Associate Drive Oneonta, New York 13820 Phone: (607) 432-8700 Fax: (607) 432-5122

www.mmscpas.com



Deborah L. Mostert, CPA Anthony T. Manzanero, CPA Mary E. Manzanero, CPA David E. Brownell, CPA Jason L. Waite, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH INVESTMENT GUIDELINES FOR PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

To the Board of Directors Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency Cobleskill, New York

We have examined the Schoharie County Industrial Development Agency's (the "IDA"), compliance with Section 2925(3) of the New York State Public Authorities Law and Part 201 of Title Two of the New York Code of Rules and Regulations during the year ended June 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the IDA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the IDA's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagement contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the IDA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the IDA's compliance with specific requirements.

In our opinion, the IDA has complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended June 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, and certain New York State Departments and Agencies. It is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Mostert, Manzanero & Scott, LSP

Oneonta, New York September 19, 2022